

17/04/2024 Debugging Code

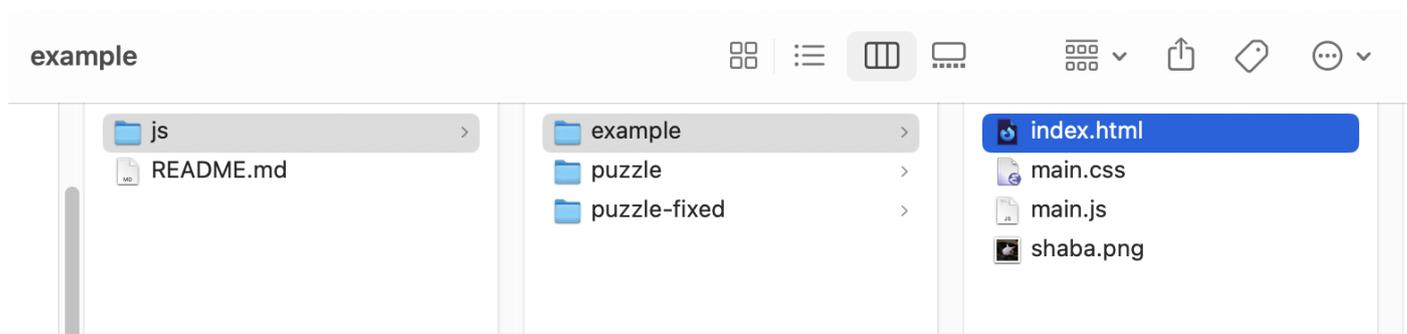
Your code is broken but you don't know why! What gives? The internet won't help?? What's a console? A breakpoint?!

This session covers the philosophy and practice of debugging, across a range of different languages and tools. We work through a series of practical examples contained in [this repository](#). Learning to debug is pretty much the essential skill of learning to write code -- nobody writes code without bugs in it, and the skill of programming is knowing how to recognise, diagnose and fix things when they don't work.

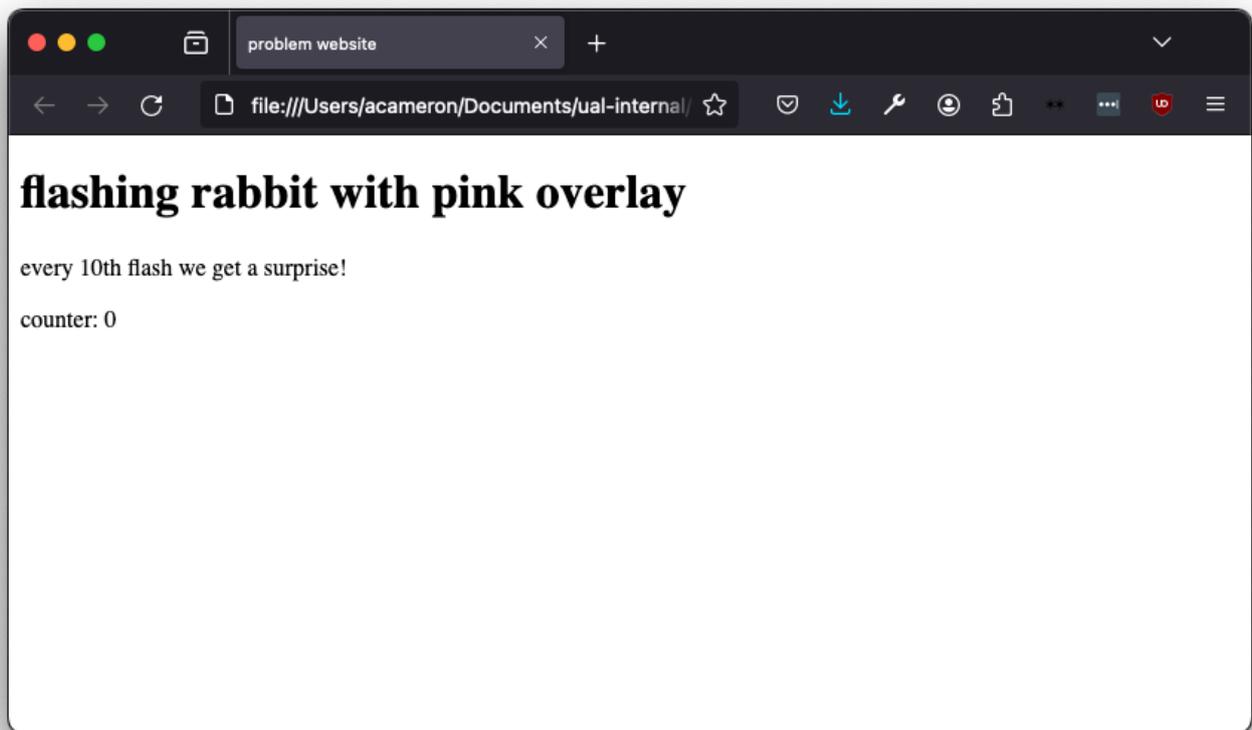
A great reading that sums up a lot of the ideas in this workshop is Eric Lippert's [How to debug small programs](#). It gives a nice overview of the steps and frame of mind needed to debug code.

JS example walkthrough

For the JS example, we will use [this sample website](#) from the examples repository. We want to open the folder (we will need to edit the HTML, CSS and JS files) in a code editor. We will be using the browser's debugging tools to fix this code, so also either open the html page in your browser, or use the VSCode 'launch' button to serve the files.



When we load this in the browser we can see that the title (which describes the page) doesn't match what we can see. No rabbit is flashing! Where's the pink overlay? The counter doesn't work!



First of all, we want to check that all our files are included properly. This is a common issue in making websites when we are linking multiple things together! We add in a `console.log` statement to the JS to check if it's getting called at all... it's not!

```
console.log('hello!')
```

There's a bunch of issues with this line! `mian.js` is a misspelling (we change it to `main.js`), and we want to use `src` rather than `href` to link the file. This second error is more subtle, and found out by googling.

We also realise we haven't linked the CSS file at all!

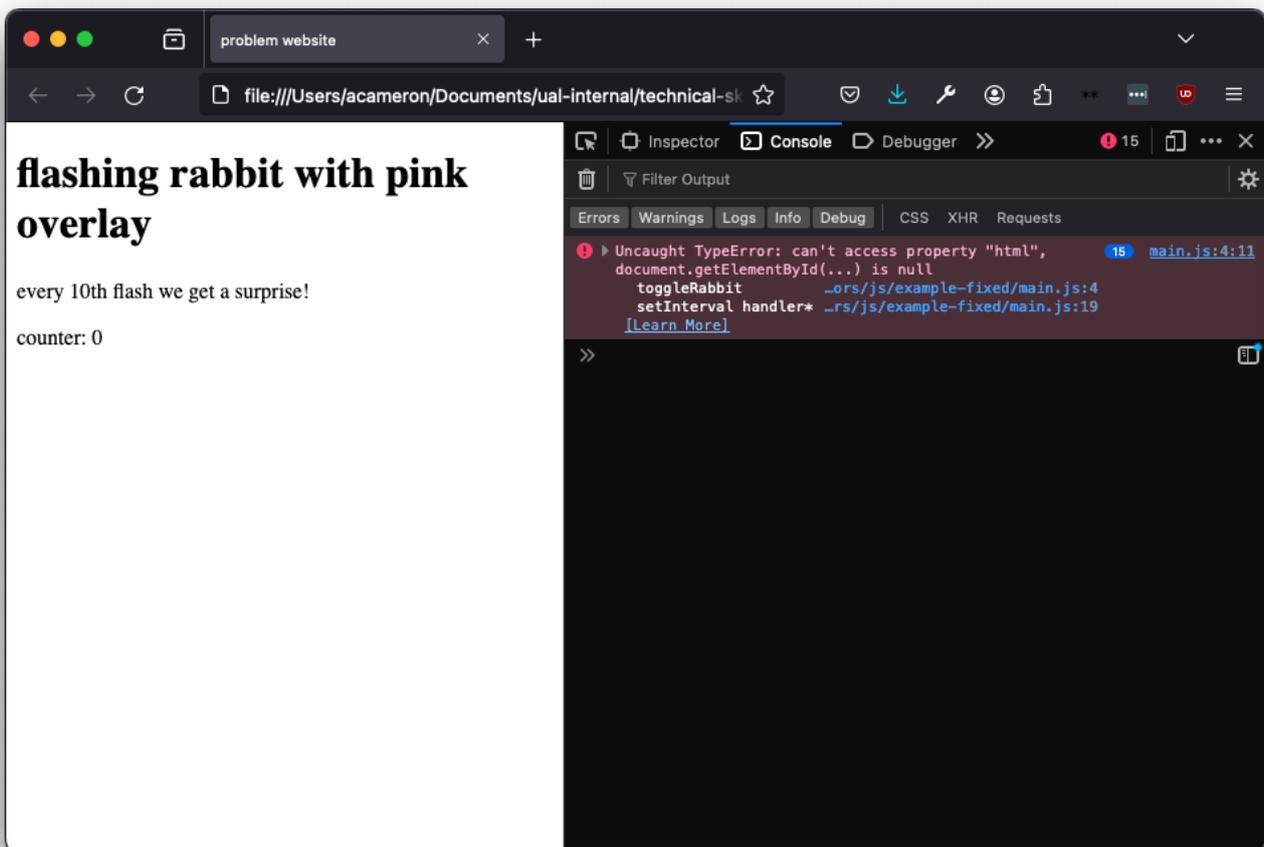
before:

```
<title>problem website</title>  
<script type="text/javascript" href="mian.js"></script>  
</head>
```

after:

```
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
  <title>problem website</title>
  <script type="text/javascript" src="main.js"></script>
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="main.css">
</head>
```

That's all fine, but it's still not working! Now, we can see we have an error. It's telling us our element is null.



The error is telling us the issue is on line 4, so let's take a look at what's there. We can see that it's referencing an element with an id `counter`.

```
3 function toggleRabbit() {
4   document.getElementById('counter').html(counter)
```

We can see that the element id is spelt wrong! However, when we correct it, the error remains. The error we're *now* getting is actually quite subtle and to do with the order in which the page is constructed. If we move our script tag to *after* the body (e.g. after all the elements have been made), that error will go away.

```

<head>
— <meta charset="utf-8">
— <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
— <title>problem website</title>
— <script type="text/javascript" src="main.js"></script>
— <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="main.css">
</head>
<body>
— <h1>flashing rabbit with pink overlay</h1>
— <p>every 10th flash we get a surprise!</p>
— <p id="counter">counter: 0</p>

```

Now we get the following error. Note that the issue is still on line 4! At this point you might be getting a bit depressed, but a new error normally fixed the last one, so you should actually be really pleased :)

```

! ▶ Uncaught TypeError: document.getElementById(...).html
is not a function
toggleRabbit      _ors/js/example-fixed/main.js:4
setInterval handler* _rs/js/example-fixed/main.js:19
[Learn More]

```

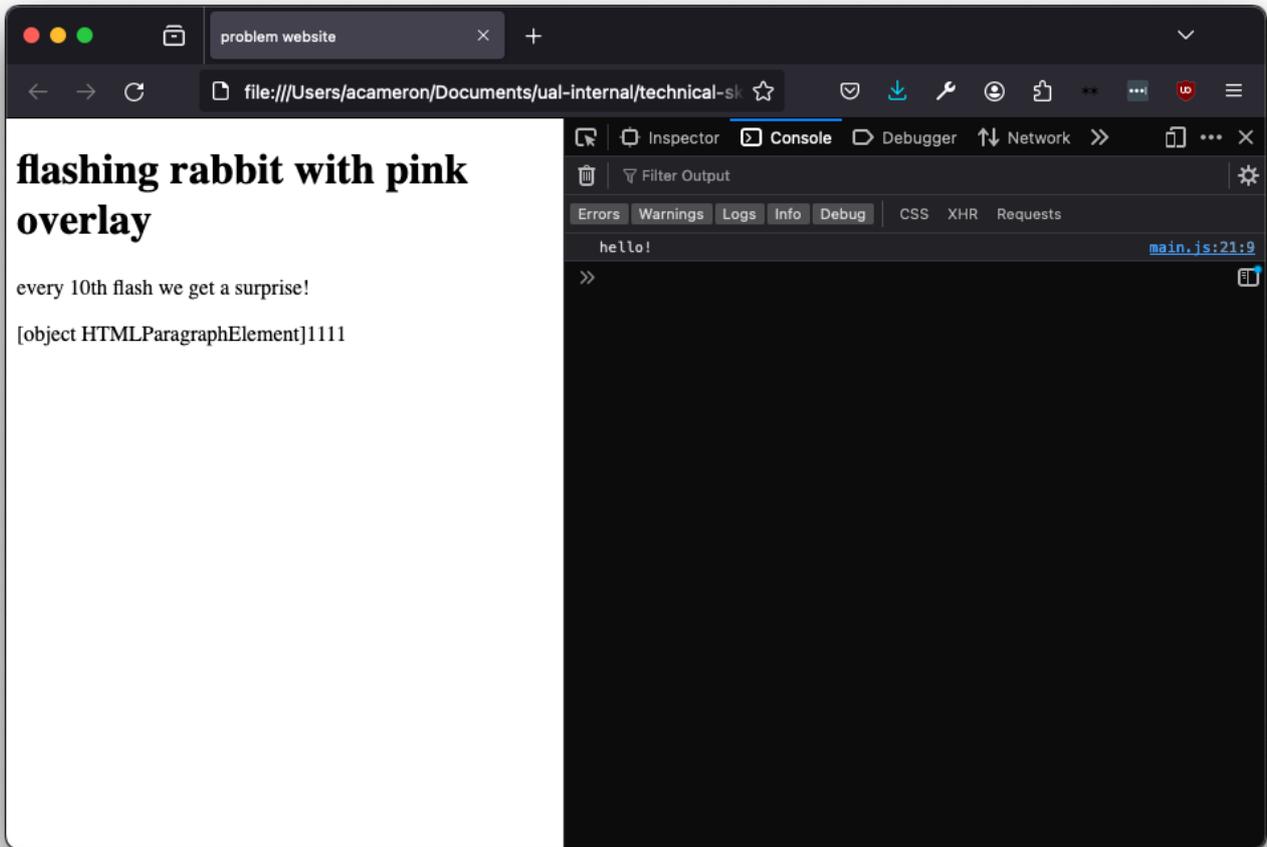
For this one, we're going to [google](#) to get the correct syntax.

```

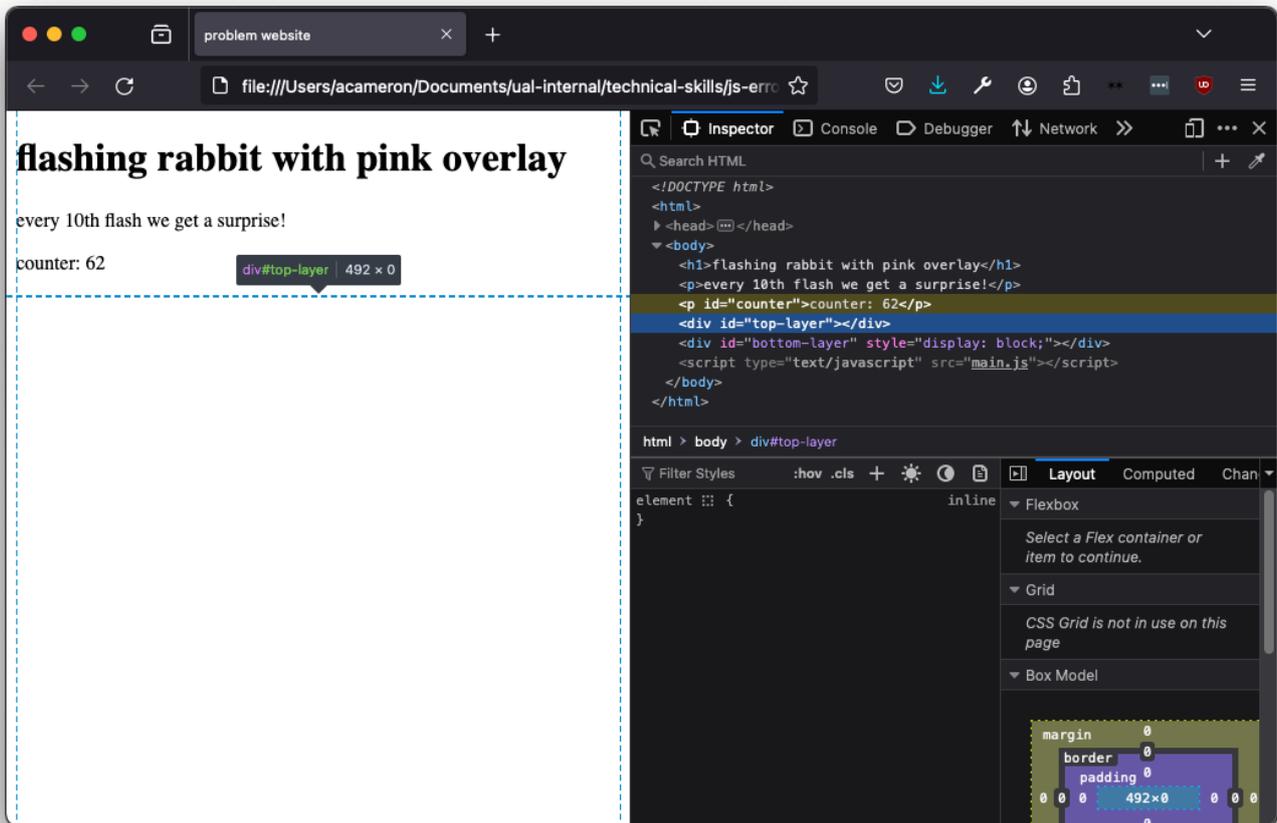
function toggleRabbit() {
— document.getElementById('counter').innerHTML += counter;

```

Now that's fixed, we're getting something very weird:



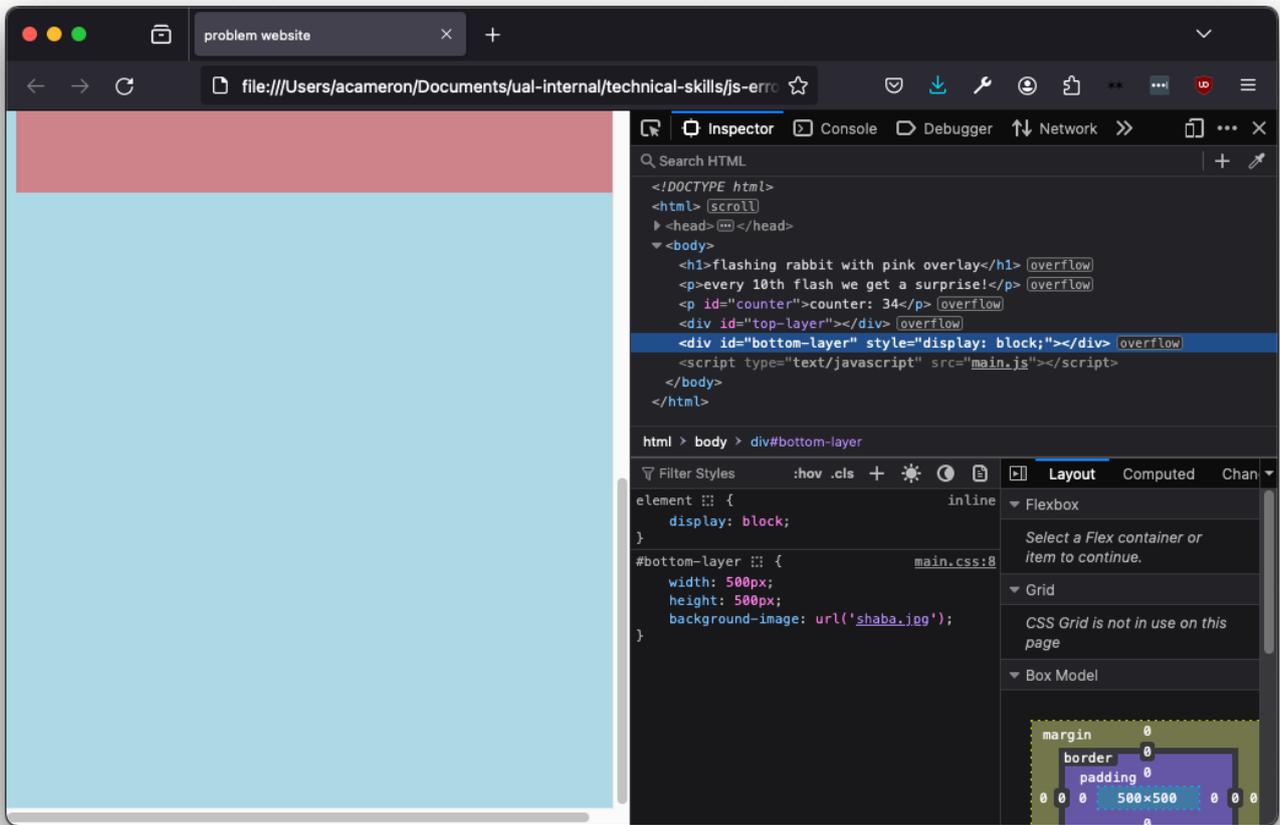
To find out what's going on, we're going to log the counter variable and see what's getting written to the element. This seems super mysterious -- we've never set the variable counter! What's happening here is that counter is initially undefined, so when we reference it in the code it gets set to what it *should* be being set equal to.



Here we can see that instead of referencing the elements by id (with a '#'), they are addressed by a '.', which represents the *class*. (Agnes does this basically every time she makes a website). Changing the dots to hashes fixes the error.

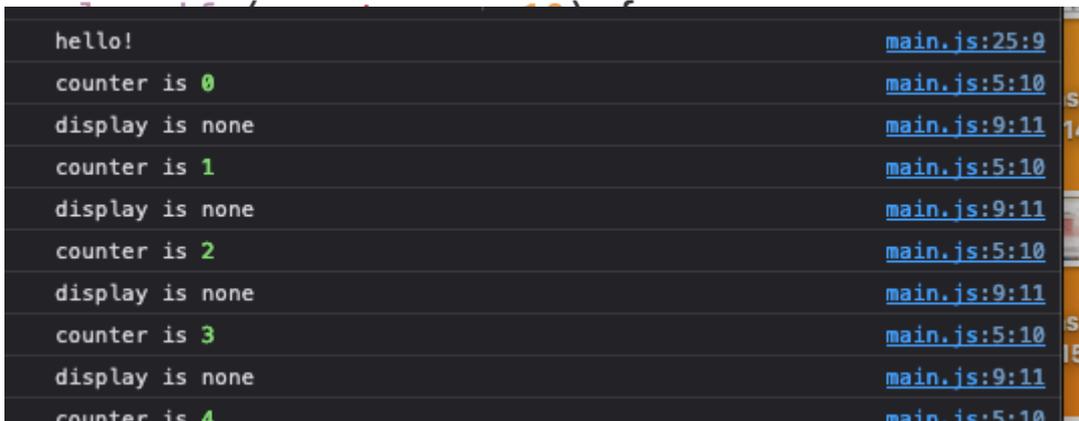
```
1  .top-layer {
2    width: 500px;
3    height: 500px;
4    background-color: rgba(255, 0, 0, 0.4);
5    z-index: 2;
6  }
7
8  .bottom-layer {
9    width: 500px;
10   background-image: url('shaba.jpg');
11  }
12
13  body {
14    background-color: lightblue;
15  }
```

Now we have an overlay but still no rabbit. When we look at the css for `#bottom-layer`, we can see it also has a height of zero. When we change that in the bottom layer, the CSS changes but we still can't see a rabbit!



Let's go back to the JS. We can add some logging to try and discover what's happening with our code:

```
— if(rabbitDiv.style.display !== "none"){  
—   console.log('display is none')  
—   rabbitDiv.style.display = "block";  
— }  
— else if (rabbitDiv.style.display === "block") {  
—   console.log('display is block')  
—   rabbitDiv.style.display = "none";  
— }
```



The display is always none! How come? The reason is that we're using a single equals sign in the if statement. This sets the display value to one, rather than checking it. To correct the code, we use the '===' strict equality (for more info on strict and loose equality, e.g. '===' vs '==', see [here](#)).

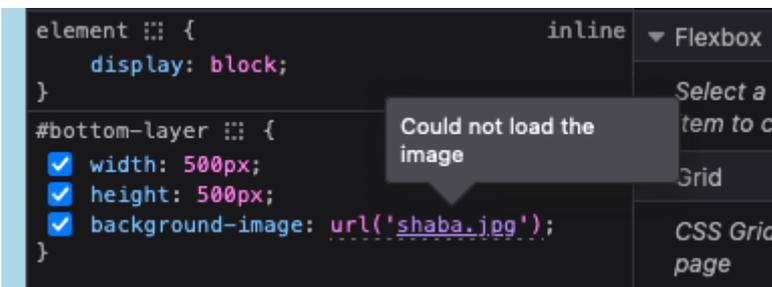
```
function toggleRabbit() {
  console.log('counter is', counter)
  document.getElementById('counter').innerHTML += "counter: " + counter;

  if (rabbitDiv.style.display === "none") {
    console.log('display is none')
    rabbitDiv.style.display = "block";
  }
  else if (rabbitDiv.style.display === "block") {
    console.log('display is block')
    rabbitDiv.style.display = "none";
  }
  else if (counter === 10) {
```

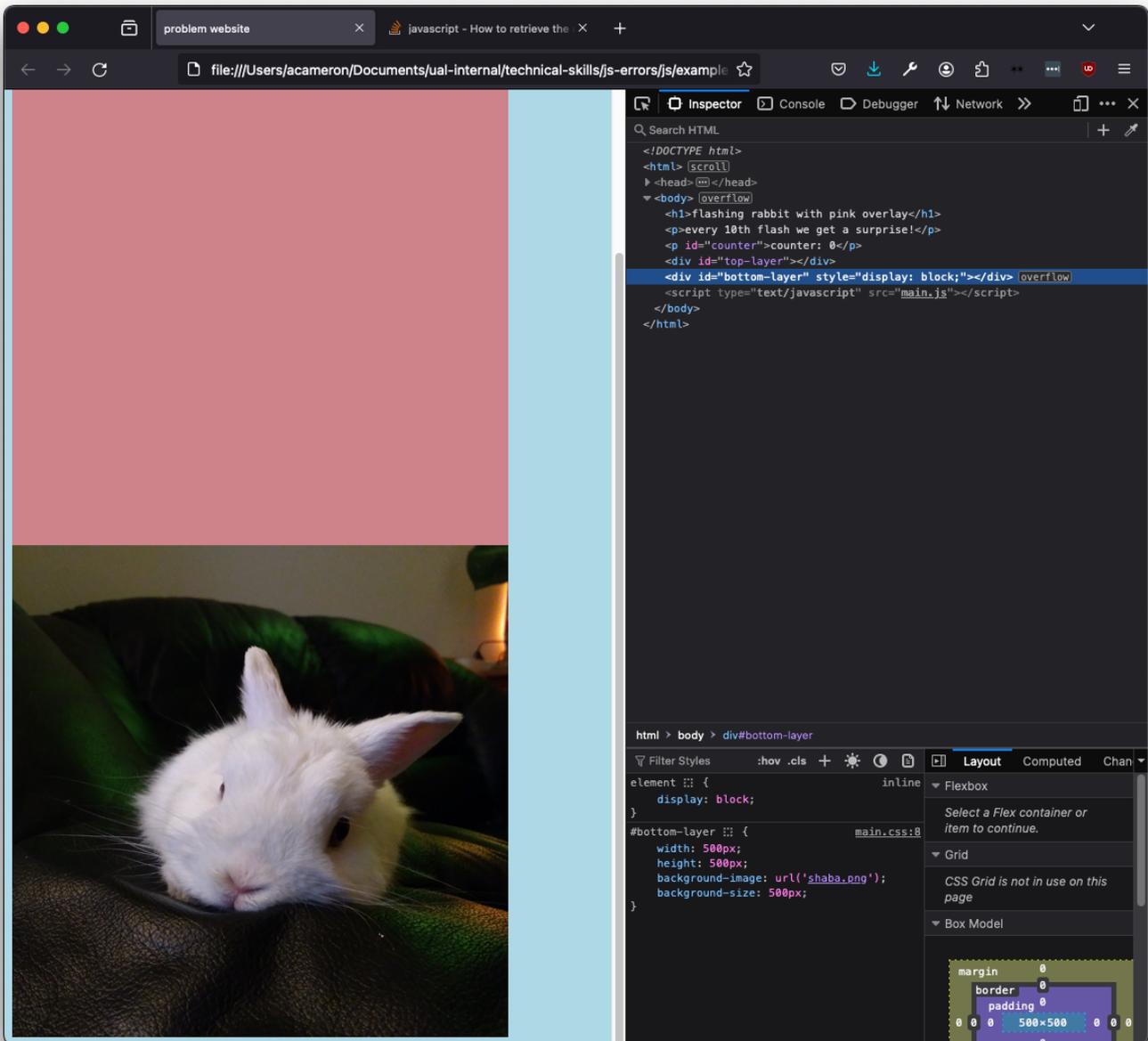
Now, *nothing* happens! We can also see that there's nothing in the log. If we log the value of `rabbitDiv.style.display`, we can see that initially it's `<empty string>`. We can fix this by initialising this property.

```
rabbitDiv = document.getElementById('bottom-layer')
rabbitDiv.style.display = "none";
```

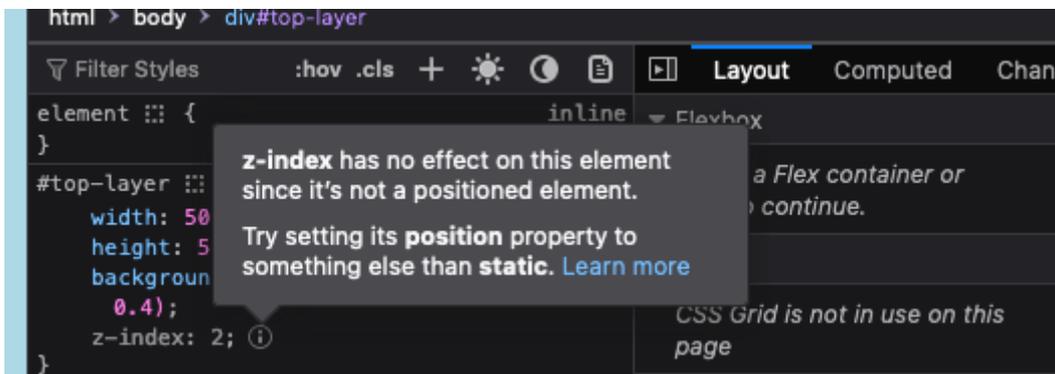
We still can't see a rabbit though! Let's go back to looking at the CSS, this time at the `background-image` property. We can see that the image isn't loaded. This indicates that we can't find the file!



If we look at our folder, we can see that it's a png not a jpg. If we change the path in the CSS, we see the bunny!



However, the pink isn't overlaid. If we go back to the `#top-layer` element in the inspector, the browser will give us a clue why!



If we change the position value to `absolute` (more info on CSS layout [here](#)), we now get the overlay.

problem website

file:///Users/jacameron/Documents/uai-internal/technical-skills/js-errors/js/example

flashing rabbit with pink overlay

every 10th flash we get a surprise!

counter: 0



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>flashing rabbit with pink overlay</h1>
    <p>every 10th flash we get a surprise!</p>
    <p id="counter">counter: 0</p>
    <div id="top-layer"></div>
    <div id="bottom-layer" style="display: block;"></div>
    <script type="text/javascript" src="main.js"></script>
  </body>
</html>
```

html > body > div#top-layer

```
Filter Styles .hov .cls + ⚙️ ⓘ 📄
element :: { inline
}
#top-layer :: { main.css:1
width: 500px;
height: 500px;
background-color: rgba(255, 0, 0, 0.4);
z-index: 2;
position: absolute;
}
```

Layout Computed Chan

Flexbox

Select a Flex container or item to continue.

Grid

CSS Grid is not in use on this page

Box Model

position 151.667

margin 0

border 0

padding 0

500x500 0 0 0

Revision #2

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